

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER
P. M. WEATHER BUREAU
Nov. 26, 1917—Last twenty-
four hours' rainfall, .12
Temperature, Min. 50; Max.
60. Weather, pt. cloudy.

Hawaiian Gazette

LATEST CABLED SUGAR QUOTATIONS	
Cents	Dollars
per Centrifugal H. T. per lb. per ton	
Price, Hawaiian basis, .. 6.90	\$138.00
Last previous quote-	
tion,	7.02 \$140.40

VOL. X, NO. 95 HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1917.—SEMI-WEEKLY. WHOLE NUMBER 4690

RUSSIA FACES BLOODY CIVIL WAR AS ARMY IS DESPERATE

Forces At Front Neglected, Supplies Are Exhausted, Men Mutinous and It Is Feared They Will Raid Cities For Food

RADICALS GO ON WITH PLANS FOR ARMISTICE

Ambassadors of Allied Nations Are Prepared To Demand Passports and Start For Home If Peace Parley Begins

NEW YORK, November 27.—(Associated Press)—Bloody civil war threatens Russia. The Maximilists and Bolshes-Vikis are going ahead with their plans for an armistice and have the support of the soldiers. At the fronts there is such a shortage of provisions and the suffering is so acute that it is feared the soldiers will come in and enter and raid the cities to secure what they need. The ambassadors of the Allies are prepared to immediately demand their passports in case Russia shall enter into an agreement with the Central Powers for an armistice. These are some of the disquieting reports that were received yesterday and last night relative to the crisis in Russia.

SOLDIERS STARVING

Russia is on the verge of a bloody civil war, said despatches received by way of Copenhagen. At the various fronts, Russian newspapers say, soldiers are without food and on Northern Front they are dying from cold and hunger. Commanders report that from all the fronts that supplies are exhausted and fear that, goaded to desperation by hunger, the starving soldiers will soon come in upon the cities and raid them, seizing what they need. They are rapidly getting away from control of their officers.

ARMIES NEGLECTED

During the late disorders in Petrograd and Moscow and while the quarrel over government has gone on, the armies at the front have been neglected and all but forgotten except when their support was sought. The inevitable result, following the cessation of the sending of supplies, was exhaustion of resources, hunger and intense suffering with consequent loss of morale.

SUPPORT RADICALS

With one dissenting vote the congress of the second army passed a resolution which gave approval to the plan for an immediate armistice as preliminary to peace and pledging its support to the colors of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Council Delegates, now in control, and assurance that in no event will it lend its support to Kerensky, was the report which was received from Petrograd direct.

AMBASSADORS READY

Preparations for departure from Petrograd were told in despatches from Haparanda that reached Copenhagen and which said that it had been decided that in the event of Russia opening negotiations for peace with Germany or any or all of the Central Powers the ambassadors of all of the Allied nations would immediately demand their passports and would leave the country forthwith.

CHRISTIAN POWERS DRAW IN CLOSE AND RETAKE JERUSALEM

Seven and a Half Centuries of Moslem Possession of Holy City Is Nearing Its End

ALLIES ARE ENABLED TO CONSOLIDATE GAINS

Less Intense Fighting On West and Italian Fronts and Ally Reinforcements At Hand

NEW YORK, November 27.—(Associated Press)—Closer and tighter the British forces are drawing in and about Jerusalem, and Moslem control of the Holy City that has lasted for six and a half centuries is nearing its end. Reports from the army of the Palestine received in London last night said that the following up along the line of the Jaffa-Jerusalem Railroad and the British forces yesterday took Bittir, a station six miles southwest of Jerusalem. From there they proceeded forward and with comparatively little resistance captured Ain Karim, which is only three and a half miles from the city. At other points the advancing British are within the suburbs and practically await only the orders to proceed with its investment.

Swiss Borders Closed

One of the most significant announcements of yesterday came from Geneva. It said that the Italian border had been declared closed indefinitely and that the closing of the German and Austrian borders was to follow soon. No goods or individuals will be allowed to pass in either direction. This will leave only the French border open for entrance to and exit from Switzerland.

On the Western front and in the Italian theater there was less of intense activity than has been seen in several days.

In the Cambrai sector von Hindenburg made no further efforts to retake the positions which he had lost and the British had no opportunity to consolidate their gains.

On the Verdun sector a similar opportunity was afforded to the French and they held the positions which they required on November 27.

German Force Spent

Assaults on Breitenburg by the Austro-Germans were repulsed, according to reports from Rome while Berlin said that the Italian front was quiet except for local engagements, clearly indicating that the first dash of the Teuton troops has spent itself.

The crisis would seem to have passed for advances from the Italian Headquarters told of the arrival of large reinforcements of French and British. These despatches said that marching night and day, bringing with them huge supplies of guns, ammunition and food, the Allies are rushing reinforcements for Italy.

Solid ranks of Franco-British infantry and artillery and great numbers of supply trains were seen within sound of the battle raging on the northern Italian front.

It is announced that the night and day march will end with the reinforcements ready for battle to support the Italian forces under their heavy fighting.

TREATIES TO BRING SLACKERS TO TIME

WASHINGTON, November 27.—(Associated Press)—Slackers of the United States in several of the Allied countries and slackers of those several countries will probably be rounded up and brought into service either with the United States or with their native lands within the next few months.

Secretary Lansing announced that he will have ready for the approval of congress when it assembles next month several treaties relative to enlistment and conscription to be entered into with as many of the Allied countries. The treaties will enable the carrying out in full of laws of any of these nations relative to draft and conscription.

GERMAN INSURANCE COMPANIES TO CLOSE

WASHINGTON, November 26.—(Associated Press)—Secretary McAdoo today announced that under the trading with the enemy law all insurance companies incorporated in Germany or any other of the Central countries and doing business in the United States must be liquidated, except life insurance companies, which are allowed to continue their existing contracts.

BANKS ISSUE BILLS AS COINAGE GROWS SHORT

MANILA, November 26.—(Associated Press)—The Philippine national bank is issuing paper bills of a fractional denomination, owing to the shortage of coins in the islands.

WOMEN of the Auxiliary Army see sad sights as they follow closely in the wake of the advancing Allied armies as they are now doing on the Cambrai and Verdun fronts. Here are shown two of these women who carry aid to the stricken and wounded looking at a cross erected in a cemetery by the Germans to British victims of the war. It is from an official photograph taken back of the British lines somewhere in France.



WAR EXPENDITURES TOLD Billions Required in Two Years

WASHINGTON, November 27.—(Associated Press)—With the granting of a further credit of seven and a half million dollars to Belgium yesterday it was announced that the loans thus far made to the Allies amount to \$5,885,000,000, about half of what was estimated would be required to carry them through to the end of the next fiscal year.

The treasury department estimates that the ordinary expenses, including war expenditures but not including loans to be made to the Allies, for the year beginning July 1 next will be \$12,700,000,000 and that the expenses for the present fiscal year, ending June 30, will be \$12,336,000,000 also not including loans made to the Allies.

Secretary McAdoo further said that he estimated that it would be necessary to issue bonds and treasury certificates in the amount of ten billions of dollars before the end of the present fiscal year.

The treasury department, as have all the other departments, has been busy during recess on estimates of war and other necessary expenditures with a view to having them ready for congress immediately upon its assembling and to be in a position to speedily answer any questions that may be asked.

BRAVE SOLDIERS CANNOT ENJOY HONORS AWARDED BY THE FRENCH

AMERICAN ARMY FRONT, November 27.—(Associated Press)—Soldiers as well as sailors are deprived of the privilege of wearing well earned decorations tendered to or bestowed upon them by the Allied Nations. The failure of congress at its special session to pass the bill that was introduced to enable the wearing of such decorations works its hardships on all branches of the service. Their hope is that action will be taken early in the regular session which will enable them to enjoy the honors that are offered to them.

Fifteen American officers and men who recently made a splendid and successful defense against a German night raid and put the enemy to flight on the night of November 2 have been ordered decorated with the French war cross. They will be unable to wear these decorations until congress permits it.

This follows immediately after the expressed desire of Great Britain to decorate naval officers and men of the destroyer fleet for distinguished services.

RAILROAD HEADS ARE READY FOR BIG POOL

WASHINGTON, November 26.—(Associated Press)—Further steps were taken today in the plans to pool the eastern railroads on a war basis and possibly later to put them under the direct control of the federal government.

The vice-presidents and active operating experts of the eastern lines are gathering here to perfect the plans for pooling the roads, and to draft tentative plans for government control if the pooling agreement is not sufficient to solve the present grave problems.

LEADER OF FAMOUS RAID IN AFRICA PASSES AWAY

LONDON, November 26.—(Associated Press)—Sir Leander Starr Jameson, hero of the Jameson raid in the Transvaal in 1895, died today. Jameson, who was a Scotch physician and became an official administrator in the British Transvaal, led a military force into the South African republic to support the Uitlanders, or foreigners, against the Boers.

CONGRESSMEN COME HOME FROM VISIT TO FRONT

AN ATLANTIC PORT, November 26.—Congressmen Dill, Miller, Johnson of Washington, Timberlake, Taylor of Colorado, Stephens, Goodwin and ex-Congressmen Stout and Hicks, arrived home today from their visit to European and tour of the trenches in France and Belgium.

MAY HOLD SUGAR

WASHINGTON, November 26.—(Associated Press)—The comptroller of the treasury has approved a plan of the Hoover board to take sugar held in this country for foreign accounts and use the government's funds in payment.

JAPAN WILL SEND TROOPS TO PORTS OF SIBERIA SOON

Avowed Purpose To Protect Japanese Residents Would Carry Out Agreement With United States and Protect Commerce

RESPONSIBILITY IS SEEN

TOKIO, November 26.—The Japanese government has secretly decided to send armies to Siberia. One is to be sent to Harbin and another to Vladivostok. The avowed purpose of the sending of these troops will be the protection of Japanese who are resident in these two seaports.

This cablegram which was received last evening by the Hawaii Shippo is evidently of far greater import than its wording indicates. It is an evident manifestation on the part of the Japanese government of an intention to live up to the letter of the agreement made between Viscount Ishii and Secretary of State Lansing while the Japanese Mission was in the United States for the patrolling of the Pacific Ocean. It may also be taken as an intent to carry out the so-called Monroe Doctrine of Japan, the keeping of the Orient for those who are now in possession, which of course, excludes Germany.

Japan's purposed action is the evident realization of the seriousness of the situation which has arisen by the collapse of Russia as a military factor in the great war and governmentally as well. It has undoubtedly been precipitated by the insistence of the Russian ultra-radical factions upon an immediate armistice with a view to peace, the possibility of a separate armistice and a separate peace in spite of the denials of any such intentions which come from Petrograd.

PROTECT AGAINST POSSIBLE RAIDERS

It would appear to be the purpose of Japan to prevent the ports of Siberia falling into pro-German hands with the resulting sending out of German raiders to prey upon the commerce of the Pacific. It will be easier to prevent such vessels leaving Siberian ports, in the event of pro-German control, than it would be to capture or destroy them once they had left port.

There are believed to be vast quantities of supplies and munitions piled up on the docks and in the warehouses of both Harbin and Vladivostok which railroad congestion has prevented from being moved, imports from both the United States and Japan. It is to be expected that the armies which Japan will send to those two points will take adequate precautions, again in case of a separate armistice or peace, to see that such supplies and munitions may not reach Germany.

MOVE IN DEFENSE OF ALLIES

In this way the move of Japan would be made in the defense of herself and of the allies, the latter by preventing munitions to reach the enemy and of herself in preventing the departure of raiders. In the same way it would be in the defense of the commerce of the United States and of all other nations whose vessels are now plying the waters of the Pacific.

From a more remote point of view occupation of Siberian ports by Japan would absolutely preclude the Teutons from in any way securing a sea port on the Pacific in the result of very distant possible but improbable eventualities.

The purposed action has nothing in it for the United States to fear and much to inspire confidence. It especially shows that Japan is awake to the obligations which are imposed upon that country by this most recent agreement and purposes not to shirk any such responsibilities.

STRICKEN SUBMARINE IS BROUGHT TO THE SURFACE AND ALL ABOARD RESCUED

AMERICAN FLOTILLA BASE, November 27.—(Associated Press)—With the arrival of United States destroyers bringing with them officers and crew of a German submarine full details of the recent sinking of an under sea craft and the rescue of all hands by American destroyers were made public yesterday.

The submarine was sighted by the destroyers before it could launch a torpedo against them successfully and immediately subjected to a rattle fire which caused it to submerge in an effort to escape but "depth charges" disabled the undersea craft and it sank rapidly, bumping upon the bottom of the sea.

Recognizing that his craft was gone and taking his only chance the German captain lost no time in emptying his tanks and the boat rose to the surface.

Without coats, hats or shoes, officers and crew immediately came on deck as it rose above the surface, holding up their hands and shouting "Kamerad." One of the destroyers quickly passed a line to the stricken craft and took it in tow but it almost immediately sank again and the line parted. The Germans were picked up by small boats and brought aboard, all rescued, but one died later as the result of exposure. He was buried at sea with full naval honors.

CURTAINMENT URGED IN MANUFACTURE OF AUTOS FOR PLEASURE

WASHINGTON, November 27.—(Associated Press)—Dramatic curtailment of the manufacture of automobiles for pleasure and similar unnecessary uses is recommended by the National Defense Advisers in a letter which they sent to various government departments yesterday. This letter points out the non-essential qualities of such cars, that the output of the factories is required for machines which can be put to useful purposes, the space required in their transportation from factory to delivery points is needed for essentials, the space taken in transportation of such materials to the factories could be better used and there would be a curtailment rather than an increase in the quantities of gasoline, oils and fuels for purposes not beneficial to the government and the people as a whole.

SPLENDID WELCOME ACCORDED TO ISHII

Citizens By Tens of Thousands Greet Returned Mission

TOKIO, November 26.—(Special to Nippu Jiji)—A tremendous welcome awaited Viscount K. Ishii and his official party when they arrived safely at Yokohama yesterday in a T. K. K. liner, having returned home from an official visit to the United States on an important war mission. Many prominent men in Japan, including Viscount I. Motono, minister of foreign affairs, were at the wharf to greet the Ishii mission.

The success of Viscount Ishii in performing his mission to the United States is highly complimented by the Tokio press, which in general has taken the occasion of Ishii's return to express satisfaction toward the new Japanese-American pact over China.

Viscount Ishii will be received in audience by Emperor Yoshihito in a few days and his personal report as to the conference with Secretary of State Lansing, which has resulted in the signing of the new agreement between Japan and the United States, will be made.

KILLING DE SAULLES IS TOLD IN COURT

MINEOLA, Long Island, November 26.—(Associated Press)—Mrs. Blanche de Saulles, who shot and killed her husband, "Johnny" de Saulles, famous Yale quarterback, and later in the consular service in South America, testified in her own defense today in the murder trial. Mrs. de Saulles, who is of part Spanish blood, declared that she could remember nothing of the killing. She says she went to her husband's apartments to get their child and that he told her he would not give the child up. "I felt stunned and something was wrong with my head. That's all I remember," she testified today.

WAR UPON ALLIES OF GERMANY FINDS FAVOR

WASHINGTON, November 26.—(Associated Press)—Discussing the international situation, Senator Stone of Missouri, chairman of the foreign affairs committee of the upper house, said today:

"Declarations of war by the United States against Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria are exceedingly advisable and would simplify the situation, which is now anomalous."

"We are in fact now at war with Germany's allies." He says that congress should harmonize its policy with the executive branch of government.

Senator Lewis of Illinois, commenting on the statement of Senator Stone, said that the United States should at the same time be careful to distinguish between the Austrians and the Hungarians and Bohemians, as well as between the Austrians and the Poles.

RED CROSS TO EXTEND ITS ACTIVITY TO JAPAN

NEW YORK, November 26.—(Associated Press)—The American Red Cross announced today that it will extend its war relief activities to Japan. It has accepted the offer to take St. Luke's International Hospital at Tokyo in case of need for its use by American forces.

MAY HOLD SUGAR

WASHINGTON, November 26.—(Associated Press)—The comptroller of the treasury has approved a plan of the Hoover board to take sugar held in this country for foreign accounts and use the government's funds in payment.